


Get the Facts:

If you were treating your own child, which would you choose?

Treatment options:		Sklice	Over the counter and other topical treatments	Nit Picking and Combing
Treatments required	1 treatment - 3 steps utilizing the Air Alle FDA cleared medical device Complimentary removal of empty egg casings for cosmetic purposes only. Combing is not required.	1 Combing Required	2+ Combing required	3 to 4 Combing required Any missed eggs or live bugs can lead to recurrence
Toxins	none	Ivermectin, .5%	Permethrin, Benzyl alcohol, Lindane, Malathion	none
Clinical test results	100% effective on both live lice and their nits/eggs	76% in one study and 71% in another study for live lice only	20% - 86% for live lice only	None. Depends on person.
Cost	\$185 - includes head checks for the entire household & complimentary post head checks; complimentary comb-out provided; cleaning instructions and a resource for any questions or concerns 7 days a week	Cost can range from \$140-\$310 not to mention the 30% chance that the treatment was ineffective. Doctor Visit \$20-\$140; Co-pays range from \$100-\$150 depending on plan; comb must be purchased \$20; no family head checks or reliable and easily accessible resource for questions; chance of another family member being infected is very high; combing is required.	Cost - can be significant and stress levels very high as many over the counter treatments are no longer effective; multiple treatments are recommended; doctor consultations recommended for repeat treatments; combing is required; person continues to be contagious until case is resolved.	\$270 - Average \$90 per hour. Usually takes a minimum of 3-5 hours. Any missed eggs or live bugs can lead to recurrence.
Warnings	None	Consult your physician if you are pregnant or breastfeeding, have allergies or skin conditions. Can cause eye irritation or burning sensation on skin. Not to be used on children less than 6 months old. Effects of an overdose include rash, dizziness, vomiting, diarrhea, seizure, abdominal pain, ataxia and paresthesia; among others	Flammability, age restrictions, seizures, death in infants, do not use if pregnant or breastfeeding	No warnings; but high likelihood of recurrence
Reference list citations	*Goates, B.M., Atkin, J.S., Wilding, K.G., Birch, K.G., Cottam, M.R., Bush, S.E., Clayton, D.H., (2006, November 1). An Effective Nonchemical Treatment for Head Lice: A Lot of Hot Air. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 118(5), 1962-1970. Retrieved from http://www.pediatrics.org/cgi/content/full/118/5/1962 . *Fassler, J.E. (2012, February). A New Treatment Approach to Pediculosis Utilizing the Lousebuster TM Device (renamed Air Alle) and Safe, Nontoxic treatment solutions. (Abstract #:201221) Pediatric Infectious Disease Society. <i>St. Jude Pediatric Infectious Diseases Research Conference, Programs & Abstracts</i> .	Sklice Lotion Efficacy & Safety. (2013). Retrieved from http://www.sklice.com/hcp/efficacy-side-effects.html -Sklice Lotion Side Effects] Efficacy, 2013 Sanofi Pasteur Inc. last modified: 15-September-2013	*Ovide. (2011). Retrieved from http://www.drugs.com/pro/ovide.html - Ovide Official FDA information, side effects and uses. (revised version 12/2011). *What Did The Clinical Trials Show?. (2011) Retrieved from http://www.Natroba.com/about - Natroba-clinical-trials.html - Clinical Trials - Natroba. *Lindane. Retrieved from http://www.drugs.com/monograph/lindane.html - Lindane Monograph for Professionals - Drugs.com *Permethrin. Retrieved from http://www.kidsheadlice.com/permethrin.html - Permethrin - Not The Best Treatment for Head Lice. (2009-2013) *K.S., Yoon, D.J., Previte, H.E., Hodgdon, B.C., Poole, D.H., Kwon, G.E., Abo El-Ghar, S.H., Lee and J.M. Clark. 2014. Knockdown Resistance Allele Frequencies in North American Head Louse (Anoplura: Pediculidae) Populations. <i>J. Med. Entomol.</i> 51:450-457.	A Nit Picker is Essential to Effective Head Lice Treatment. (2013). Retrieved from http://www.Choosinghairstyle.com/a-nit-picker-is-essential-to-effective-head-lice-treatment .